

 winmostar tutorial

# LAMMPS

# Kremer-Grest Model

V11.6.5

26 April 2024

X-Ability Co., Ltd.

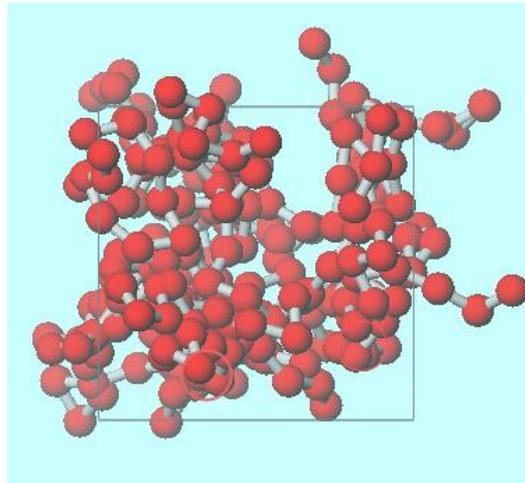
# About This Manual

- This manual is a tutorial demonstrating use cases for Winmostar V11.
- For those using Winmostar V11 for the first time, please consult [Beginner's Guide](#).
- For those who wish to explore the details of each feature, please refer to [Winmostar User Manual](#).
- Those who wish to practice the contents of this manual are encouraged to attend a training session.
  - [Winmostar Introductory Training Session](#): This guide only introduces the operation methods of the Basic Tutorial.
  - [Winmostar Basic Training Session](#): We will cover the theoretical background, explanations on interpreting results, operational methods of the Basic Tutorial, and procedures for some tutorials beyond the basic level.
  - [Individual Training Session](#): You can freely customize the training content according to your preferences.
- If you are unable to proceed with the operations as outlined in this manual, please first consult [Frequently asked questions](#).
- If your issue is not resolved through the Frequently Asked Questions, for the purpose of information accumulation and management, please contact us using [Contact page](#). Attach files generated at the time of the issue and provide steps to reproduce the problem.
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# Overview

- This tutorial requires Winmostar V11 Professional Elite edition.
- This tutorial outlines the procedure for calculations using the Kremer-Grest model for polymer melts.

Reference: K. Kremer and G. S. Grest, J. Chem. Phys, 92, 5057, (1990).



Note :

- This guide is designed for quick operational verification with short chain lengths. To explore polymer characteristics more fully, such as entanglement, consider setting longer chain lengths (100 or more).
- Please note that the functionalities discussed in this book are not available in the Professional Economy or Student editions.

# Preference of Operating Environment

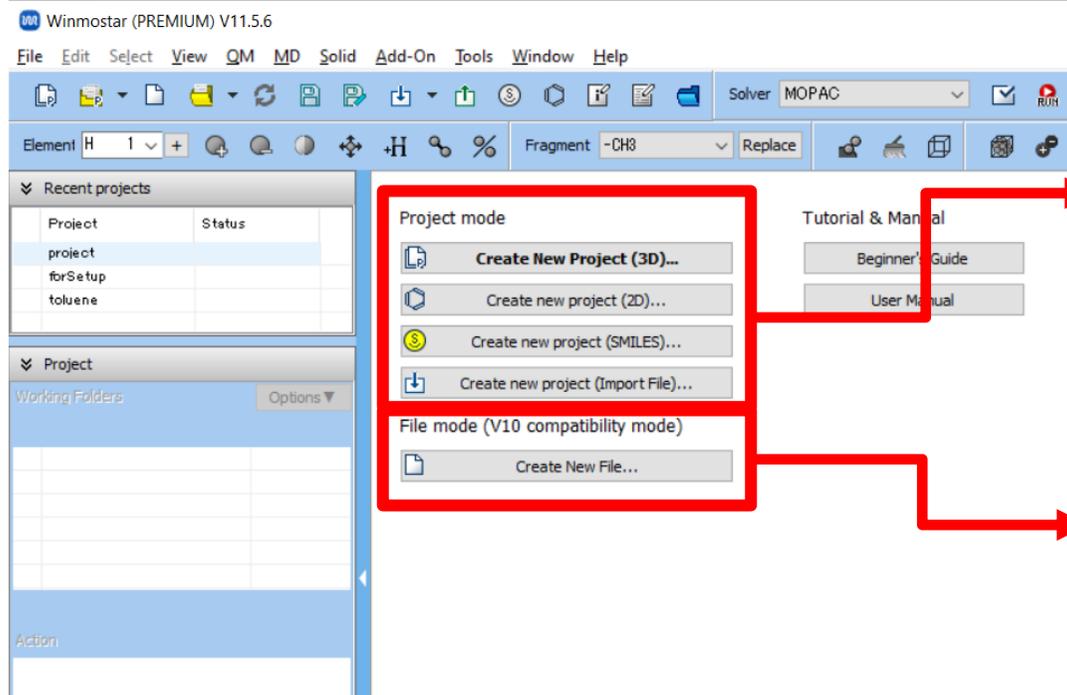
- If you are using Winmostar V11.5.0 or later and are on a 64-bit environment, please [install and configure CygwinWM version 2023/04/05 or later](#).
  - The CygwinWM version 2023/04/05 and later includes the recommended version of 64-bit LAMMPS.
- If the above does not apply to you, or if you wish to use a version of LAMMPS other than [the recommended version](#), you will need to separately [install and configure the Windows version of LAMMPS](#).

# Operating Modes of Winmostar V11

V11 offers two operating modes: **Project Mode** and **File Mode**.

This manual focuses on operations in Project Mode.

For operations in File Mode, please refer to [tutorial for version 10](#).



## Project Mode **New Features in V11**

Users can manage jobs without having to manage individual files.

We generally recommend using this mode.

## File Mode

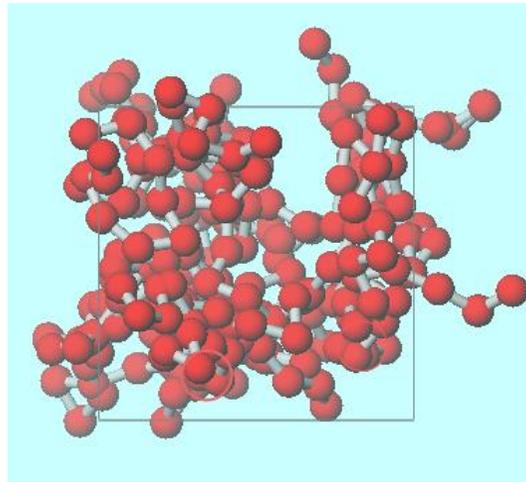
Users explicitly create and manage individual files.

The operational procedure is the same as from V10 and earlier versions.

# A. Modeling of the System

For basic operations, please refer to [LAMMPS Basics tutorial](#).

- A. Click **File | New Project**, enter 'kgmd\_lammps' as Project name, and click **Save**.
- B. Click **MD | LAMMPS | Dissipative Particle Dynamics | DPD Cell Builder**.
- C. Select **A** from **Monomers Available** and click **Add**.
- D. Enter '10' in **Enter Value** and click **OK**.
- E. Click **Add** next to **Monomers Used**.
- F. Enter '25' in **Enter Value** and click **OK**.
- G. Click **Build**, enter '0.85' in **Enter Value**, and click **OK** to generate a randomly arranged polymer structure in Main Window.



## B. Execution of Calculate (Equilibration)

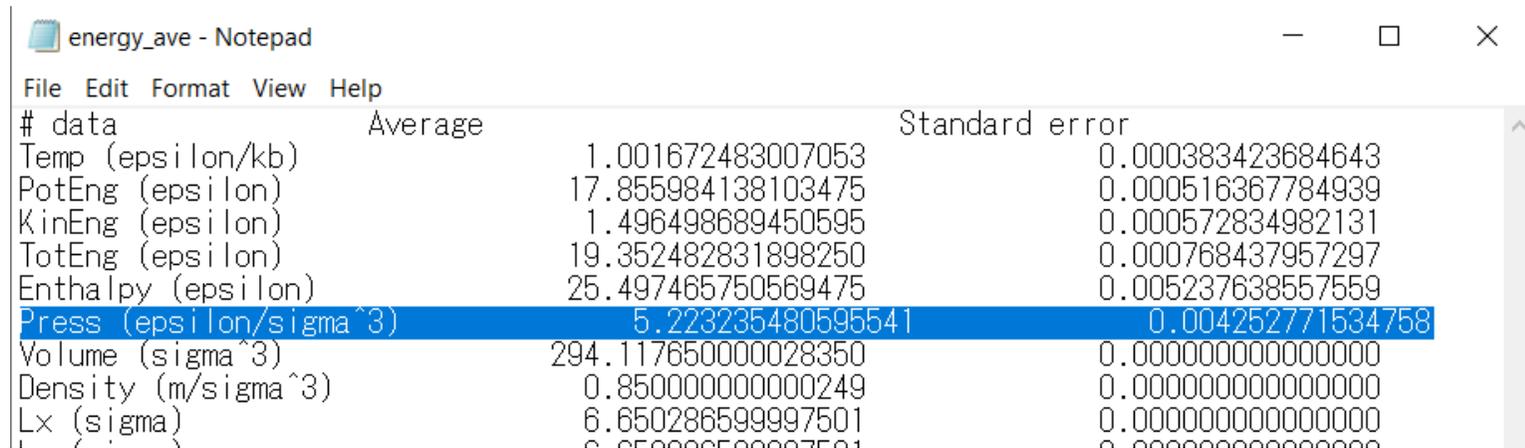
- A. Select 'LAMMPS' from **Solver** and click  (**Workflow Setup**).
- B. If prompted with 'Some Molecules do not have charges. Do you want to assign charges now?', click **No**.
- C. Check **Use parameters defined in external parameter file (for inorganic system, ReaxFF or DPD)** and click **Next**.
- D. Check **Simulate using Kremer-Grest model** and click **OK**.
- E. If 'Assigned force field parameters' appears, click **OK**.
- F. Change **Preset** to 'Fluid/Amorphous/Crystal NVT Equilibration'.
- G. Change **Temperature** for **2nd job** to '1'.
- H. Change **Precision** for **1st job** and **2nd job** to 'High'.
- I. Click **OK**, then set as appropriate in Job Setting window before clicking **Run**.

## B. Execution of Calculate (Main Calculations)

- A. Once **the status** of **the work folders** work1\_LMP\_MIN and work2\_LMP\_NVE has changed to **END** or **END(-)**, and then Click  (**Workflow Setup**) .
- B. If prompted with 'Do you want to continue from previous run?', click **Yes**.
- C. Select work2\_LMP\_NVE and click **OK**.
- D. Change **Preset** to 'Fluid/Amorphous/Crystal NVT Production'.
- E. Change **Temperature** to '1', **Simulation Time** to '7200', and **Precision** to 'High'.
- F. Click **OK**, then set as appropriate in Job Setting window before clicking **Run**.

# C. Result Analysis

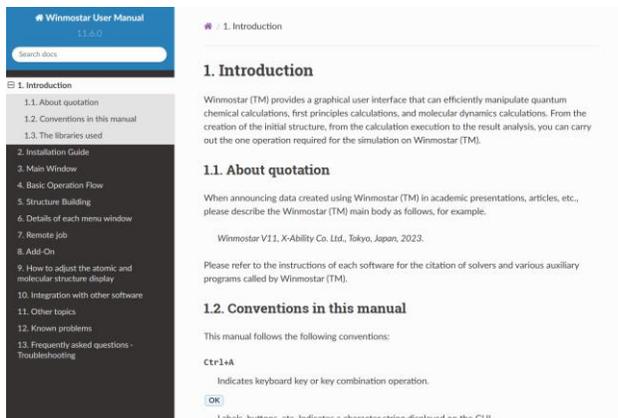
- A. Once **the status of the work folder** work3\_LMP\_NVE changes to **END** or **END(-)**, click on work3\_LMP\_NVE and then click **Energy Plot** in **Action**.
- B. Click **Calc Ave**, leave **First Frame** as the default value and click **OK**.
- C. Check the pressure values displayed on the line for **Press**.



| # data                         | Average                  | Standard error           |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Temp (epsilon/kb)              | 1.001672483007053        | 0.000383423684643        |
| PotEng (epsilon)               | 17.855984138103475       | 0.000516367784939        |
| KinEng (epsilon)               | 1.496498689450595        | 0.000572834982131        |
| TotEng (epsilon)               | 19.352482831898250       | 0.000768437957297        |
| Enthalpy (epsilon)             | 25.497465750569475       | 0.005237638557559        |
| <b>Press (epsilon/sigma^3)</b> | <b>5.223235480595541</b> | <b>0.004252771534758</b> |
| Volume (sigma^3)               | 294.117650000028350      | 0.000000000000000        |
| Density (m/sigma^3)            | 0.8500000000000249       | 0.000000000000000        |
| Lx (sigma)                     | 6.650286599997501        | 0.000000000000000        |

# Finally

- For detailed information on each feature, please refer to [Winmostar User Manual](#).



## [Winmostar User Manual](#)

## Scenes from [Winmostar Training Session](#)

- If you wish to practice the contents of this guide, please consider attending [Winmostar Introductory Training Session](#), [Winmostar Basic Training Session](#), or [Individual Training Session](#). (See page 2 for details.)
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- If FAQs do not resolve your issue, for the purposes of information accumulation and management, please contact us through [Contact page](#), detailing the steps to reproduce the issue and attaching any generated files at that time.